



शिपिंग कॉर्पोरेशन ऑफ इंडिया लैंड एंड एसेट्स लिमिटेड

(भारत सरकार का उद्यम)

पंजीकृत कार्यालय : शिपिंग हाउस, 245, मैडम कामा रोड, मुंबई - 400 021.

दूरभाष : 91-22-2202 6666 • फैक्स : 91-22-2202 6905 • ईमेल : cmdoffice@scilal.com

Web. : www.scilal.com • CIN : U70109MH2021GOI371256

Shipping Corporation of India Land and Assets Limited

(A Government of India Enterprise)

Registered Office: Shipping House, 245, Madame Cama Road, Mumbai- 400021

Tel. : 91-22-2202 6666 • Fax : 91-22-2202 6905 • Email : cmdoffice@scilal.com

Web. : www.scilal.com • CIN : U70109MH2021GOI371256

Date: 14.03.2024

To,

Listing Compliance Department Bombay Stock Exchange Limited, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400001.	The Manager - Listing Compliance National Stock Exchange of India Limited 'Exchange Plaza' C-1, Block G, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400051
BSE Scrip Code – NA	NSE Trading Symbol – NA

Sub: Publication of Newspaper Advertisement pursuant to SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/POD-2/P/CIR/2023/93 dated June 20, 2023.

Dear Sir/ Madam,

Please find enclosed the copies of Newspaper Advertisement published in Financial Express in English language (page 10 to 15), Jansatta in Hindi language (page 12 to 17) and Loksatta in Marathi language (page 10 to 15), dated 14.03.2024, in adherence to the regulations stipulated by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), as per the aforementioned circular.

Submitted for your information and records please.

Thanking You



Yours faithfully,
For Shipping Corporation of India Land and Assets Limited

Shri Mohammad Firoz
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Encl: As above

Coffee, chocolate & cookies hit the sweet spot in FMCG market



MUMBAI, THURSDAY, MARCH 14, 2024

iPhone exports from India to nearly double to ₹80,000 cr in FY24



Europe reaches deal on landmark rules for artificial intelligence

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IN THE NEWS

PIYUSH GOYAL IN BJP'S SECOND LIST FOR LS POLLS

COMMERCE MINISTER PIYUSH Goyal is all set to take the plunge in electoral politics as the BJP's candidate from Mumbai North in the Lok Sabha polls. Union ministers Nitin Gadkari, Anurag Singh Thakur and three former chief ministers, including Haryana's Manohar Lal Khattar, figure in the BJP's second list of 72 candidates.

BULK OF POLL BONDS BOUGHT REDEEMED: SBI

THE STATE BANK of India, in its affidavit in the Supreme Court on Wednesday, said of a total of 22,217 electoral bonds purchased by political parties between April 1, 2019, and February 15 this year, 22,030 were redeemed. ■ PAGE 2

HINDENBURG ATTACK TO DEFAME INDIA, SAYS ADANI

THE OBJECTIVE OF US-based short-seller Hindenburg Research's attack on Adani Group was not just to destabilise the group but also to politically defame India's governance practices. Adani Group chairman Gautam Adani has said, reports Rajesh Kurup. ■ PAGE 5

CABINET NOD TO TWO DELHI METRO CORRIDORS

THE UNION CABINET on Wednesday approved two new corridors of Delhi Metro's Phase-IV project — Lajpat Nagar to Saket G-Block and Inderlok to Indraprastha — in a move that will improve connectivity, reports PTI. ■ PAGE 2

MARKETS NOT IN SERIOUS BUBBLE TERRITORY: KOTAK

THERE ARE ENOUGH checks and balances in the system "to compare ourselves in serious bubble territory", Kotak Mahindra Bank founder and non-executive director Uday Kotak said at a Sebi event on Wednesday. ■ PAGE 6

FE SPECIALS



'Analytics & business processes must go hand-in-hand'

Oracle's Rajan Krishnan on emerging trends in enterprise software

■ EFE, P9



Why taps are running dry in Bengaluru

Can the city find a lasting solution to its water woes?

■ EXPLAINER, P9

ANTI-COMPETITIVE PRACTICES

No global & local divide on digital Bill

Zomato, Swiggy and Oyo oppose ex ante framework

JATIN GROVER & RISHI RAJ
New Delhi, March 13

IT'S NOT ONLY global tech firms like Google, Meta, Amazon and Apple who are against the proposed ex ante digital competition law. Domestic platforms with leadership positions in their respective segments have also voiced their opposition to the draft legislation.

In the case of big domestic platforms, local rivals who are opposed to their practices have fully supported the ex ante provisions, the draft of which was released by the ministry of corporate affairs on Tuesday.

Food aggregator platforms like Zomato, and Swiggy, and travel-tech platform Oyo have expressed their reservations on having ex ante provisions.

The Internet and Mobile Association of India (IAMAI) — which had sided with domestic startups in their recent spat with Google on in-app purchases — has also opposed such regulations. IAMAI has members from domestic and global players, but the current management committee is dominated by members of domestic firms.

In contrast, there are associations led by domestic firms which are opposed to the stand taken by



Draft digital competition Bill seen to take on Big Tech firms
Local rivals such as restaurant bodies have fully supported ex ante provisions of draft
IAMAI, dominated by members of domestic firms, is also against such regulation

domestic platforms in the matter. For instance, while Zomato and Swiggy are opposed to ex ante regulations, Federation of Hotel & Restaurant Associations of India and National Restaurant Association of India are in favour of such a regulation. The reason being that they view the practices of platforms like Zomato and Swiggy as predatory and have been locked in a tiff with the two players.

Continued on Page 16

GST probe wing told not to directly call CEOs, CFOs

PRIYANSH VERMA
New Delhi, March 13

THE CENTRAL BOARD OF Indirect Tax and Customs (CBIC) has directed officials in the Directorate General of Goods and Services Tax Intelligence (DGGI) to follow a "bottom-up" approach while investigating tax liability of multinational companies (MNCs).

In internal guidelines issued recently, the indirect tax board instructed officials at field formations to first question the "authorised person" in an MNC, responsible for ensuring tax compliance, instead of directly summoning the company's chief executive officer (CEO), chief financial officer (CFO) or directors at the first instance.

Several MNCs had approached the finance ministry earlier, and had mentioned the issues the top management face in the hands of DGG officials... the new guidelines are expected to address such con-



MNCs had approached finance ministry on issues top management faces with DGG officials
CBIC tells officials to first question "authorised person" responsible for ensuring tax compliance

cerns," a senior official said, on condition of anonymity.

Continued on Page 16

FOCUSSES ON LEGACY, DISTINCT IDENTITY IN SALES PITCH

As brand Byju's takes a hit, Aakash tries to distance itself

ANEES HUSSAIN
Bengaluru, March 13

WITH BYJU'S Mired in financial and legal troubles, its primary subsidiary, Aakash Educational Services, is trying to distance itself from its parent in its brand promotion and sales pitch.

Employees of Aakash are being asked to highlight its distinct brand identity. The company, in some recent social media posts, has also subtly reduced the emphasis on the 'Aakash+Byju's' brand.

A section of Aakash's sales employees told FE that over the past couple of months, they have been asked by senior managers to dis-

CHANGING COURSE

Aakash staff being asked to highlight 30-year legacy when parents bring up Byju's troubles

tance themselves from the 'Aakash+Byju's' brand identity and instead focus on the 30-year legacy of the test preparation institute.

"Over the past few months we have been receiving a lot of push-back from parents who talk about the negative perception around

Aakash posted 40% jump in revenue to ₹1,491 crore in FY22, and profit of around ₹80 crore

For Byju's, FY22 saw consolidated loss of ₹8,245 crore on operating revenue of ₹5,014 crore

Byju's in the media, including allegations of mis-selling products and loans, and corporate governance issues," said one employee.

"When I approached my senior on how to tackle this, I was asked to focus on the 30-year legacy that Aakash has. I was told to emphasise on how Aakash's management, coaching, and teaching are all different; we have nothing overlapping with Byju's apart from being part of the same group," they added.

On Aakash's Instagram account, the 'Aakash+Byju's' logo has been featured with less prominence in recent posts. For instance, a post on March 9, announcing Indian National Olympiad 2023-24 results, dropped the Byju's logo altogether. Another post, on the JEE (Main) in February, features a large

INSIDE

HC extends interim stay on Byju's EGM till March 28

PAGE 4

Aakash logo on top, and a much smaller Aakash+Byju's logo at the bottom. This is different from the posts seen as far as a year ago, where the 'Aakash+Byju's' logo was placed more prominently.

Byju's and Aakash declined to comment on the matter.

Aakash has in recent months seen Manipal group chairman Ranjan Pai become its largest shareholder.

Continued on Page 16



PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE ATTENTION OF THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SHIPPING CORPORATION OF INDIA LAND AND ASSETS LIMITED

CIN: U70109MH2021GOI371256

Corporate Office (Address for Communication): Shipping House, 245, Madame Cama Road, Nariman Point, Mumbai, Maharashtra-400021

Registered Office: Shipping House, 245, Madame Cama Road, Nariman Point, Mumbai, Maharashtra-400021, Tel: 022 - 2277 2220; Website: www.scilal.com

STATUTORY ADVERTISEMENT IN COMPLIANCE OF PART II (A) (5) OF SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA ("SEBI") MASTER CIRCULAR NO. SEBI/HO/CFD/POD-2/P/CIR/2023/93 DATED JUNE 20, 2023 READ WITH RULE 19 (7) OF THE SECURITIES CONTRACTS (REGULATION) RULES, 1957 ("SCRR") PURSUANT TO GRANT OF RELAXATION BY SEBI FROM THE APPLICABILITY OF RULE 19(2)(b) OF SCRR.

ABOUT THE COMPANY AND SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT

Shipping Corporation of India Land and Assets Limited (SCILAL), a Government Company, within the meaning of section 2(45) of the Companies Act, 2013, a Schedule 'C' Public Sector Enterprise of Government of India having its registered office at 'Shipping House', 245, Madame Cama Road, Mumbai-400021 India, was incorporated pursuant to a certificate of incorporation dated November 10, 2021 issued by the Registrar of Companies, Mumbai at Maharashtra. The Corporate Identification Number of our Company is U70109MH2021GOI371256.

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide its order dated February 22, 2023 (formal order received on February 23, 2023) has sanctioned the Scheme of Arrangement for Demerger of Non-Core Assets (Demerged Undertaking) of Shipping Corporation of India Limited (Demerged Company) into Shipping Corporation of India Land and Assets Limited (Resulting Company) and with their respective shareholders and creditors ("Scheme"). In accordance with the said Scheme, the equity shares of our Company issued subject to applicable regulations shall be listed and admitted to trading on the BSE Limited ("BSE") and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("NSE"). Pursuant to the Scheme, the Non-Core Assets of the Demerged Company is transferred to and vested with the Resulting Company with effect from the Appointed Date (i.e. from opening business hours on April 01, 2021), in accordance with relevant provisions of the Companies Act 2013. The Effective Date of the Scheme is March 14, 2023.

A. NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE REGISTERED AND CORPORATE OFFICE OF THE COMPANY

Name: Shipping Corporation of India Land and Assets Limited
Registered Office: Shipping House, 245, Madame Cama Road, Nariman Point, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400021
Corporate Office: Shipping House, 245, Madame Cama Road, Nariman Point, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400021

B. DETAILS OF CHANGE OF NAME AND/OR OBJECT CLAUSE:

- (i) Name Change: Incorporated as Shipping Corporation of India Land and Assets Limited, pursuant to a certificate of incorporation dated November 10, 2021. Since then, the Company has not changed its name.
- (ii) Object Change: The Company has not changed its objects since its incorporation. It was incorporated with the following objects:
Main objects as set out in the Memorandum of Association of our Company
 - i. To sell, dispose, acquire, manage, improve, develop, hold by purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise and to sell, alienate, dispose of lands, estates, buildings, easements, hereditaments, flats, houses, halls, godowns, tenements, factories, dwelling houses or any other moveable or immovable properties of any tenure or description and any estate or interest therein or rights connected therewith.
 - ii. To purchase, charter hire or otherwise acquire, sell, exchange, let or charter either in India or in any other country or otherwise deal with steam and other ships or vessels, of any description with all equipment and furniture, and to establish maintain and operate transport services by water and land within India as well as between India and other countries of the world for the conveyance of passengers, mails and freight and for any other purpose including the conveyance of troops, carriage of munitions of war, live-stock, corn and other produce, all merchandises and food articles of whatsoever nature or kind between such Ports and places in any part of the world as may seem expedient, also to acquire or obtain any postal and/or other subsidy etc., and generally to establish, maintain and operate lines, or regular services of steamships or other vessels propelled by power or otherwise, on such trades routes and services as may be allotted to the Company by the Government of India.
 - iii. To purchase, take in exchange or otherwise acquire any share or interest in ships, vessels or craft of any description and also shares, stocks and securities of any companies possessed of or interested in any ships or vessels or craft.
 - iv. To construct, purchase, own, maintain repair, refit, replace, restore, sell or dispose of engines, boilers, machinery, component parts, accessories and fittings, required for ships or vessels of any description or kind.
 - v. To buy, sell prepare for market, and deal in rice, cotton, jute, coal timber, oils, lubricants, petrol, fuels of all descriptions, live stocks, meat and other merchandise, commodities and produce either for freighting ships and vessels of the Company or any other purpose.
 - vi. To carry on the business of merchants, carriers by land and water, ship-owners, ship agents, dock owners, warehousemen, wharfingers, barge owners, lightermen, forwarding agents, stevedores, bunkerers and ice merchants and refrigerating storekeepers, and of hotel owners and bus owners in furtherance of or in connection with their business of carriers by land and sea and provide facilities for the carrying on of any of the above business.
 - vii. To carry on the business of shipbuilders and repairers and refiners and vendors of ships and vessels and/or repairers of engines, boilers, machinery and any other parts required for ships and vessels and to instruct and maintain for the use of the Company or for letting out on hire or for doing repair or other work for others graving and other docks and other conveyances for the building, repairing or docking of ships and other vessels and to aid in or contribute to the construction of any such works.

C. CAPITAL STRUCTURE:

Share Capital of the Company Pre-Scheme		Share Capital of the Company Post Scheme (i.e. as on April 6, 2023, the Allotment Date)	
Particulars	Aggregate Value at Face Value (Rs. In Rs.)	Particulars	Aggregate Value at Face Value (Rs. In Rs.)
Authorized Share Capital			
50,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	5,00,000	46,57,99,010 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	4,65,79,90,100
Total	5,00,000	Total	4,65,79,90,100
Issued, Subscribed and Paid Up Share Capital		Issued, Subscribed and Paid Up Share Capital	
10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	1,00,000	46,57,99,010 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	4,65,79,90,100
Total	1,00,000	Total	4,65,79,90,100

D. SHAREHOLDING PATTERN PRE AND POST SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT AS ON DATE OF ALLOTMENT

S. No.	Particular	Pre-Arrangement shareholding		Post-arrangement shareholding – as on date of allotment of shares	
		No. of shares	% of shares	No. of shares	% of shares
(A) Shareholding of Promoter and Promoter Group					
1	Indian				
(a)	Individuals/Hindu Undivided Family	0	0	0	0
(b)	Central Government/ State Government(s)	0	0	29,69,42,977	63.75
(c)	Bodies Corporate	10,000	100	0	0
(d)	Financial Institutions/ Banks	0	0	0	0
(e)	Any Others(Specify)	0	0	0	0
	Sub Total(A)(1)	10,000	100	29,69,42,977	63.75
2	Foreign				
(a)	Individuals (Non-Residents Individuals/ Foreign Individuals)	0	0	0	0
(b)	Bodies Corporate	0	0	0	0
(c)	Institutions	0	0	0	0
(d)	Any Others(Specify)	0	0	0	0
	Sub Total(A)(2)	0	0	0	0
	Total Shareholding of Promoter and Promoter Group (A) = (A)(1)+(A)(2)	10,000	100	29,69,42,977	63.75
(B) Public shareholding					
1	Institutions				
(a)	Mutual Funds/ UTI	0	0	10,500	0.00
(b)	Financial Institutions / Banks	0	0	23,06,823	0.50
(c)	Central Government/ State Government(s)	0	0	0	0
(d)	Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0
(e)	Insurance Companies	0	0	3,03,12,971	6.51
(f)	Foreign Institutional Investors (Foreign Portfolio Investor)	0	0	1,50,61,887	3.23
(g)	Foreign Venture Capital Investors	0	0	0	0
(h)	Any Other (specify)	0	0	0	0
	Sub Total(B)(1)	0	0	4,76,94,381	10.24
2	Non-institutions				
(a)	Bodies Corporate (Including Foreign Bodies Corporates)	0	0	1,61,82,009	3.47
(b)	Individuals	0	0	0	0
I	Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital up to Rs 1 lakh	0	0	4,87,75,739	10.47
II	Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs. 1 lakh	0	0	4,08,53,186	8.77
(c)	Any Other (specify)				
	Key Managerial Personnel	0	0	265	0.00
	Directors and their relatives (Non-Promoter)	0	0	300	0.00
	Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF)	0	0	215,599	0.05
	Non Resident Indians (NRIs)	0	0	59,55,078	1.28
	Trusts	0	0	4,95,717	0.11
	HUF	0	0	54,74,233	1.18
	Clearing Members	0	0	32,09,526	0.69
	Sub-Total (B)(2)	0	0	12,11,61,652	26.01
	Total Public Shareholding (B) = (B)(1)+(B)(2)	0	0	16,88,56,033	36.25
	TOTAL (A)+(B)	10,000	100	46,57,99,010	100
(C)	Shares held by Custodians and against which Depository Receipts have been issued	0	0	0	0
	GRAND TOTAL (A)+(B)+(C)	10,000	100	46,57,99,010	100

E. (1) NAMES OF TEN LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY AS ON DATE OF ALLOTMENT:

Top Ten Shareholders of the Company post Scheme

Sl. No.	Names	No. of Fully paid Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	Percentage to the Paid-Up Capital
1.	President of India	296942977	63.75
2.	Life Insurance Corporation of India	24689964	5.30
3.	The New India Assurance Company Limited	3964132	0.85
4.	Asg Trading Pvt Ltd.	2129048	0.46
5.	Central Bank Of India	1726153	0.37
6.	Pace Stock Broking Services Pvt Ltd	1607874	0.35
7.	Suash Diamond Ltd	1414603	0.30
8.	Vijay Kumar Aggarwal	1399450	0.30
9.	State Street Emerging Markets Small Cap Active Non-Lending Qib Common Trust Fund	1355052	0.29
10.	Emerging Markets Core Equity Portfolio (The Portfolio) Of Dfa Investment Dimensions Group Inc. (Dfaidg)	1289688	0.28

F. DETAILS OF PROMOTERS OF THE COMPANY

The Promoter of the Company is the President of India.

G. DETAILS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS AS ON THE DATE

Sl. No.	Name, DIN, Designation, Occupation and original date of Appointment	Directorship in other Companies (Current)	Directorship in other Companies (Past)
1.	Capt. Binesh Kumar Tyagi DIN: 08966904 Designation: Chairman and Managing Director Occupation: Professional Original Date of Appointment: 03.09.2022	1. The Shipping Corporation of India Limited 2. Inland & Coastal Shipping Limited 3. India LNG Transport Company No. 1 Limited 4. India LNG Transport Company No. 2 Limited 5. India LNG Transport Company No. 3 Limited 6. India LNG Transport Company No. 4 Private Limited 7. Indian Register of Shipping 8. Indian National Shipowners Association 9. North Standard Limited	
2.	Rajesh Kumar Sinha DIN: 05351383 Designation: Government Nominee Director Occupation: Professional Original Date of Appointment: 21.11.2022	1. Cochin Shipyard Limited 2. The Shipping Corporation of India Limited 3. Kerala State Coir Machinery Manufacturing Company Limited	1. The Kerala State Coir Corporation Limited 2. Taj Kerala Hotels And Resorts Ltd 3. Kerala State Coastal Area Development Corporation Limited 4. Oberoi Kerala Hotels And Resorts Ltd 5. Malabar Distilleries Limited 6. Kerala Tourism Infrastructure Limited 7. The Kerala Minerals And Metals Limited 8. Travancore Titanium Products Ltd 9. Kannur International Airport Limited 10. Travancore Sugars And Chemicals Ltd 11. Coal India Ltd 12. Clean Kerala Company Ltd 13. Kerala State Civil Supplies Corporation Ltd 14. Kerala State Beverages (Manufacturing and Marketing) Corporation Ltd 15. Indian Institute Of Information Technology And Management Kerala 16. Northern Coalfields Ltd 17. Kerala Development Corporation Ltd 18. Kerala Academic for Skills Excellence 19. Kerala Forest Development Corporation Ltd 20. Bhavanam Foundation Kerala 21. South Eastern Coalfields Ltd 22. Kerala Cashew Board Ltd 23. Mahanadi Coalfields Ltd 24. Kerala State Electricity Board Ltd
3.	Manjitsingh Darshansingh Saini DIN: 10111633 Designation: Whole-time director Occupation: Professional Original Date of Appointment: 25.01		

Continued from previous page

Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendments Rules, 2016. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

• Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, make it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure-A" a statement on the matters Specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we further report that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
- b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
- c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss, and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the applicable Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014 and the Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016;

e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on September 30, 2023, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on September 30, 2023, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;

f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer our separate report in "Annexure-B";

g) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has not paid any remuneration to its directors during the period, hence section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable.

h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

i. As represented by the Management, the Company does not have any pending litigation which would impact its financial position.

ii. There are no material foreseeable losses on long term contracts including derivative contracts;

iii. The company is not required to transfer any amounts as required by the law to Investor Education and Protection Fund.

iv. (a) As represented by the management, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advances or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(es), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(b) As represented by the management, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(es), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

(c) Based on the audit procedures performed nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material mis-statement.

v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the period.

For JKJS & CO, LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 121161W/W100195

CA Nirmal Kumar Khetan

Partner

Place: Mumbai,

Date : 10-11-2023

UDIN: 23044687BGWZIV6274

Annexure "A" to the Independent Auditors Report of Shipping Corporation of India Land and Assets Limited for the period ended on 30th September 2023 (referred to in our report of even date).

With reference to the Annexure "A" referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date to the Members of Shipping Corporation of India Land and Assets Limited on financial statements for the period ended on 30th September 2023, we report that:

(i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.

The Company did not have intangible assets intangible assets, therefore clause 3 (i)(a)(B) of the order is not applicable.

(b) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management in accordance with a phased program of verification, which in our opinion is reasonable, considering the size and nature of its assets. The frequency of verification is reasonable and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such physical verification.

(c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties disclosed in the financial statements, are not held in the name of Company.

(d) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including Right of Use assets) during the year.

(e) According to the information and explanations given to us, no proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(i) (e) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

(ii) a) According to the information and explanation given to us the company business does not have any inventory, hence the provision of clause 3 (i)(a) of the said order is not applicable to the company.

b) According to the information and explanations provided to us, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits. Accordingly, the requirements under paragraph 3(i)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not made any investment in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnership or any other parties. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (i) (a) to 3 (i) (f) of the order are not applicable.

(iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not either directly or indirectly, granted any loan to any of its directors or to any other person in whom the director is interested, in accordance with the provisions of section 185 of the Act and the Company has not made investments through more than two layers of investment companies in accordance with the provisions of section 186 of the Act. Accordingly, provisions stated in paragraph 3(iv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

(v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or deemed deposits during the period year and accordingly the question of complying with Sections 73 and 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended) or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 does not arise.

(vi) The Company is not required to maintain cost records as per Section 148 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014.

(vii) a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, the undisputed statutory dues including Income Tax, Sales Tax, Wealth Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess, Goods & Service Tax to the extent applicable to the Company have been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities. The provisions relating to provident fund, employees state insurance are not applicable to the company. There are no undisputed amount payable in respect of such statutory dues which have remained outstanding as at 30th September, 2023 for a period more than six months from the date they became payable.

b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Goods & Service Tax, Duty of Custom, Duty of Excise, and Value Added Tax which have not been deposited on account of disputes with the related authorities.

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no transactions which are not accounted in the books of account which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the period.
- (ix) a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not borrowed any amounts from financial institutions, banks, government, or by issue of debentures.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- c) According to the information explanation provided to us, no money was raised by way of term loans. Accordingly, the provision stated in paragraph 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- d) According to the information explanation provided to us, there are no funds raised on short term basis. Accordingly, the provision stated in paragraph 3(ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- e) According to the information explanation given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
- f) According to the information and explanations given to us and on procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its securities, joint ventures or associate companies. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ix)(f) of the order is not applicable.

- (x) a) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3 (x)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully, partly or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3 (x)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

- (xi) a) During the course of our audit, examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company.
- b) We have not come across of any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company during the course of audit of the financial statement for the period ended 30th September, 2023, accordingly the provisions stated in paragraph (xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the course of audit. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph (xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to company.

- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(xii) (a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

- (xiii) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with 188 of the Act, where applicable. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required under Accounting Standard (AS) 18 'Related Party Disclosures' specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rule,2014. However, Section 177 is not applicable to the company.

- (xiv) a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company does not require to comply with provision of section 138 of the Act. Hence, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(xiv) (a) to (b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with its directors and hence, provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to company. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph clause 3 (xvi)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- b) In our opinion, the Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without any valid Certificate of Registration from Reserve Bank of India. Hence, the reporting under paragraph clause 3 (xvi)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- c) The Company is not a Core investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Hence, the reporting under paragraph clause 3 (xvi)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

- (xvii) The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the period. Hence, the provisions stated in paragraph clause 3 (xviii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.

- (xx) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Board of Directors of the company has approved a budget of Rs. 14.40 lakhs for the financial year FY 2023-24 for CSR activities. However no such amount was spent till date.

- (xxi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any subsidiary / Associate/ Joint Venture. Accordingly, there is no preparation of consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph clause 3 (xxi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

- (xxii) For JKJS & CO, LLP

- Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 121161W/W100195

CA Nirmal Kumar Khetan

Partner

Place: Mumbai,

Date : 10-11-2023

UDIN: 23044687BGWZIV6274

ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the period ended on September 30, 2023, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Shipping Corporation of India Land and Assets Limited as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection

Continued from previous page

For the Year ended 31st March 2023					
Reserves and Surplus					
Particulars	Share application money pending allotment	Capital Reserve	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	-	28,991	-	2,38,505	2,67,496
Transfer from surplus in Statement of Profit & Loss account	-	-	-	3,558	3,558
Balance at the end of the current reporting period	-	28,991	-	2,42,063	2,71,054

The accompanying note no. 1 to 39 are an integral part of these Standalone Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date

For JKJS & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Regn. No. 12161W/W100195

CA Nirmal Kumar Khetan

Partner

M No. 044687

Mumbai Dated: 10.11.2023

Mr. Mohammad Firoz

Company Secretary

Capt. B. K. Tyagi

Chairman & Managing Director

DIN - 08966904

Ms. Laxmi Kamath

Chief Financial Officer

Sh. Rajiv Jalota

Director

DIN - 00152021

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT**1. General information**

Shipping Corporation of India Land and Assets Limited (the "Company" or "SCILAL"), a Government Company was incorporated as a public limited company under the Companies Act, 2013, in Maharashtra, India, under the name of Shipping Corporation of India Land and Assets Limited pursuant to a certificate of incorporation dated November 10, 2021 issued by the Registrar of Companies, Mumbai, at Mumbai. It has been incorporated as a wholly owned subsidiary of The Shipping Corporation of India Limited (SCI) with the object of holding and disposing the Non-Core Assets of SCI distinct from the disinvestment transaction. Pursuant to the MCA order dated 22.02.2023 approving the demerger scheme and effective date being 14.03.2023, SCILAL will now be listed on stock exchange for which it is required to float an Information memorandum in the market consisting of information about the Company which includes restated financials giving effect of demerger. The appointed date of SCILAL demerger is 01.04.2021 and accordingly the Company is a Government Company as per section 2(45) of the Companies Act, 2013 and from this date it has ceased to be subsidiary of SCI Ltd. Hence, the inclusion of relevant accounting policies as given below:

2. Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements are authorised for issue by the board of directors on 10.11.2023.

Basis of preparation, measurement and significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these Financial statements are set out below.

2.1 Basis of Preparation

These financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time. These financial statements for the periods presented have been prepared from the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and for the half year ended 30th September, 2023. The effect of demerger has been incorporated in these financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023.

The authorized Share Capital of the Company has been increased to Rs. 4,65,80 lakhs(4658 lakhs Equity Shares of face value of Rs. 10 each).

The company (SCILAL) issued Equity Shares to the shareholders of SCI Ltd on 01.04.2021 and allotted the same on 06.04.2023, in ratio of 1:1 as per the scheme of Arrangement, based on the record date i.e. 31.03.2023. Equity Share Capital of Rs. 1 lakh held by the demerged company (SCI Ltd.) prior to demerger has been cancelled and the same has been transferred to Capital Reserve.

2.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank and in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

2.3 Foreign currency translation**(a) Functional and Presentational Currency**

Items included in the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The Standalone Financial Statements are presented in 'Indian Rupees' (INR), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and Balances

All foreign currency transactions are recorded at the previous day's available RBI reference rate/exchange rate published through FBIL (Financial Benchmarks India Private Limited). Since the RBI reference rate published through FBIL is available for four major currencies only i.e. USD, GBP, EUR, YEN, exchange rates of other currencies are taken from xe.com website.

The foreign currency balances in US Dollars appearing in the books of account at the period end are translated into Indian Rupees at the available RBI reference rate/exchange rate published through FBIL at the period end. The foreign currency balances other than US Dollars, UK Pounds, Euro and Japanese YEN appearing in the books of account at the period end are translated into Indian Rupees at the rate available on xe.com website at the period end. Thereafter, the monetary assets and monetary liabilities shall be translated into rupees at rate prevailing at the period end.

The exchange differences arising on translation of other monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value is determined.

2.4 Property, Plant and Equipment

The Land and Buildings transferred from SCI Ltd. (at book value as on 01.04.2021) under the scheme of arrangement are accounted as Property, Plant and Equipment. Further items of property, plant and equipment acquired or constructed afterwards are stated at historical cost net of recoverable taxes, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment of loss, if any.

Expenditure incurred on assets which are not ready for their intended use as on Balance Sheet date comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable borrowing cost (net of revenues during constructions) are disclosed under Capital Work-in-Progress.

The Freehold land at MTI transferred from SCI under the scheme of arrangement has been measured at fair value on transition date i.e. 01.04.2015 by SCI (on transition to Ind AS) and that fair value is used as the deemed cost.

Depreciation:

Depreciation on all assets is charged on "Straight Line Method" less residual value.

Depreciation on other tangible assets is provided on the straight-line basis, over the estimated useful lives of assets as prescribed in the Schedule II of the Act, except in following cases:

1) Solar Plants are depreciated over a period of 25 years based on the technical assessment of useful life.

2) Assets costing individually Rs. 5,000/- and below are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

Depreciation on additions / deductions to PPE made during the year is provided on pro-rata basis from / up to the date of such additions / deductions, as the case may be.

Estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed annually, taking into account commercial and technological obsolescence as well as normal wear and tear and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

2.5 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises of purchase price, borrowing costs and directly attributable costs for bringing the asset to the condition of its intended use.

Amortisation

Amortisation is charged on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives. The useful lives of intangible assets are either finite or indefinite. Finite-life intangible assets are amortised on a straight line basis over the period of their estimated useful lives. An intangible asset having indefinite useful life is not amortised but is tested for impairment annually. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period, with the effect of any changes in the estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Intangible assets including software is amortised over the useful life not exceeding five years.

2.6 Investment Property

The Fixed Assets other than MTI assets transferred from SCI Ltd under the scheme of arrangement are accounted as Investment Property (at book value as on 01.04.2021). Further items of Investment Property acquired or constructed afterwards are stated at historical cost net of recoverable taxes, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment of loss, if any.

Depreciation:

Depreciation on Investment Property is charged on "Straight Line Method" less residual value.

Depreciation on other tangible assets is provided on the straight-line basis, over the estimated useful lives of assets as prescribed in the Schedule II of the Act, except for assets costing individually Rs. 5,000/- and below are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

Depreciation on additions / deductions to PPE made during the year is provided on pro-rata basis from / up to the date of such additions / deductions, as the case may be.

Estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed annually, taking into account commercial and technological obsolescence as well as normal wear and tear and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

De-Recognition:

An item of Investment Property and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

Expenditure incurred on assets which are not ready for their intended use as on Balance Sheet date comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable borrowing cost (net of revenues during constructions) are disclosed under Capital Work-in-Progress.

2.7 Trade Receivable

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for sale of goods or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade receivables are recognized initially at fair value. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, net of provision for impairment. The carrying value less impairment provision of trade receivables, are assumed to be approximate to their fair values.

2.8 Investments and other financial assets**i. Initial recognition and measurement**

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

ii. Subsequent measurement

For the purposes of subsequent measurement, the company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

• those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and

• those measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows. For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The company reclassifies debt instruments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset

and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the company classifies its debt instruments:

Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost:

Financial assets such as trade receivables, security deposits and loans given are measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest (EIR) method.

Gain or loss on a debt instrument that is subsequently measured at amortised cost is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI):

A financial asset is classified as at the FVTOCI if both the following criteria met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and
- The contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit and loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL): Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVTOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a financial asset that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

2.9 Income tax

Tax expense represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

Current Tax – Current Tax is measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities based on the taxable profit for the period. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred Tax – Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences (other than those which are covered in tonnage tax scheme) arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the Standalone Financial Statements. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured based on the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

2.10 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. A present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made is treated as contingent liability.

2.11 Revenue Recognition

Revenue Income is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when:

- The income generating activities have been carried out on the basis of a binding agreement
- The income can be measured reliably
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company
- Costs relating to the transaction can be measured reliably

Revenue for all businesses is recognised when the performance obligation has been satisfied, which happens upon the transfer of control to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for the goods and services.

Revenue is recognised when or as performance obligations are satisfied by transferring the promised goods or services to the customer, i.e. at a point in time or over time provided that the stage of completion can be measured reliably.

Interest income - Interest income consists of interest on Surplus Funds received from SCI under scheme of arrangement. The interest income is recognised as it accrues in the statement of profit and loss.

2.12 Insurance Claims

The Insurance claims made by the Company are recognized on acceptance by the underwriters.

2.13 Leases

A contract or parts of contracts that conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for payments to be made to the owners (lessors) are accounted for as leases. Contracts are assessed to determine whether a contract is, or contains, a lease at the inception of a contract or when the terms and conditions of a contract are significantly changed.

Continued from previous page

Note 10(c) : Other Bank Balances

Particulars	As at 30 September 2023	As at 31 March 2023
Balances with banks		
- in deposit account	17,000	31,217
Other Bank Balances	17,000	31,217

Note 10(d) : Other Financial Assets

Particulars	As at 30 September 2023	As at 31 March 2023
Accrued Interest	3,513	2,644
Recoverable from SCI	-	280
Provision for Rental Income	31	-
Provision for Income MTI	4	-
Deposits with banks	85,748	67,783
Other Financial Assets	89,296	70,707

Note 10(e) : Non Financial Current Assets

Particulars	As at 30 September 2023	As at 31 March 2023
GST Receivable	219	-
Advance to Vendors	6	122
Prepaid Insurance Premium	-	-
Non Financial Current Assets	225	122

Note 11: Assets classified as held for sale

Particulars	As at 30 September 2023	As at 31 March 2023
1,00,000 (Prev.yr.1,00,000) shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up of SAIL.		
SCI Shipping Company Pvt. Ltd.	10	10
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(3)	(3)
Iran Hind Shipping Co. Limited	7	7
Less: Investment loss allowance	39	39
Advance to Iran Hind Shipping Co. Ltd.	-	-
Less: Provision for Doubtful advances	23	23
Assets classified as held for sale	7	7

a) Pursuant to demerger scheme, the shares of the joint venture of SAIL SCI Shipping Company Pvt. Ltd. (SSSP) are transferred to the company. The said joint venture was incorporated on 19.05.2010 with an authorised share capital of Rs 1000 lakhs. (Refer Note 37)

b) The Government of India in meeting of cabinet held on 02.04.2013 approved the proposal for dissolution of Iran-Hind Shipping Co. (P.J.S) (IHSC) and splitting the assets/liabilities of IHSC between Joint Venture partners shall be undertaken. Pursuant to demerger scheme, the Company holds 49% in IHSC, a joint venture company incorporated in Iran on which sanction has been imposed by United Nations Organisation (UN). Substantive efforts are made to eventually dissolve the JV which is depending on geo political environment and sanctions imposed by UN. The company shall remain committed by the decision of cabinet.

Non-recurring fair value measurements

Investments classified as held for sale during the reporting period is measured at the lower of its carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell at the time of the reclassification, resulting in the recognition of a write down of Rs 42 lakhs as impairment loss in the statement of Retained Earnings.

Note 12: Equity share capital

Particulars	As at 30 September 2023	As at 31 March 2023
Authorised		
46,57,99,010 Equity Shares of INR 10 each	46,580	46,580
Issued and subscribed		
46,57,99,010 Equity Shares of INR 10 each	46,580	46,580*

*The share were allotted on 06.04.2023

a) Details of equity shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares	As at 30 September 2023		As at 31 March 2023	
	No. of shares	% of share holding	No. of shares	% of share holding
Equity shares				
1. President of India	29,69,42,977	63.75%	29,69,42,977	63.75%
2. Life Insurance Corporation of India	2,46,89,964	5.30%	2,46,89,964	5.30%
	32,16,32,941	69.05%	32,16,32,941	69.05%

b) Disclosure of Shareholding of Promoters

Promotor's Name#	Number of shares	% of Total shares	% Change during the year**
1. President of India	29,69,42,977	63.75%-	-

Promotor here means promoter as defined in the Companies Act, 2013

~ The president of India holds 63.75% of the shareholding and the share are pending for allotment as on 31.03.2023. The share were allotted on 06.04.2023

** Percentage change shall be computed with respect to the number at the beginning of the year or if issued during the year for the first time then with respect to the date of issue

c) For the period of five years immediately preceding the date as at which the Balance Sheet is prepared, no shares have been issued for consideration other than cash, no shares have been issued as bonus shares & no shares have been bought back.

d) Rights/Preference/Restriction attached to Equity Shares:

The Company has only one class of Equity shares having par value of Rs 10. Each shareholder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the company after distribution of all preferential allotment in proportion to their shareholding. The dividend whenever proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

e) The Company does not have holding company.

f) There are no shares reserved for issue under option and contract/ commitment for the sale of shares/ disinvestment.

Note 13: Other Equity

Particulars	As at 30 September 2023	As at 31 March 2023
Capital Reserve	28,991	28,991
Retained Earnings	2,44,466	2,42,063
Total Other Equity	2,73,457	2,71,054

(i) Capital Reserve

Particulars	As at 30 September 2023	As at 31 March 2023
Opening balance		
During the period	-	-
Closing Balance	28,991	28,991

(ii) Retained Earnings

Particulars	As at 30 September 2023	As at 31 March 2023
Opening Balance *	2,42,063	2,38,505
Add: Profit/Loss	2,403	3,558
Closing balance	2,44,466	2,42,063

* Retained Earnings include Rs. 2,31,857 (lakhs) towards upward valuation of MTI Land.

Nature and Purpose of other reserves

Capital Reserve: The balance amount of net assets as per the scheme of demerger after issue of equity share capital as received from SCI. This is not available for distribution of dividend but can be utilised for issuing bonus shares.

Retained Earnings: Retained Earnings represents surplus/accumulated earnings of the Company and are available for distribution to shareholders except Rs. 2,31,857 (lakhs) representing upward valuation of MTI Land.

Note 14: Lease liabilities

Particulars	As at 30 September 2023	As at 31 March 2023
	Non Current	Current
	Non Current	Current
Lease Liabilities	9	-
	9	0.22
Total Lease liabilities	9	-
	9	0.22

Note 15: Deferred Tax Liability

Particulars	As at 30 September 2023	As at 31 March 2023
Deferred tax liability towards upward valuation of MTI Land	316	632
Total Deferred tax Liability	316	632

Note 16 : Trade Payables

Particulars	As at 30 September 2023	As at 31 March 2023
Trade Payable	1	1
(a) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and		
(b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*	1,618	-
Total Trade Payables	1,619	1

Disclosure requirement under MSMED Act, 2006

Particulars	As at 30 September 2023	As at 31 March 2023

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Continued from previous page

(f) The CMD of the company holds the position of Chairman and Managing Director in The Shipping Corporation of India

Note 33: Segment information

(a) Business Segments

The Company is managed by the Board which is the chief decision maker. The Board has determined the operating segments for the purposes of allocating resources and assessing performance.

(I) MTI - MTI segment includes Maritime Training Institute.

(II) Others - Others segment includes Investment property and surplus funds received pursuant to demerger

(b) Geographical Segments

Presently, the Company's operations are confined in India.

(c) Earnings before Interest & Tax (EBIT)

Adjusted EBIT excludes discontinued operations and the effects of significant items of income and expenditure which may have an impact on the quality of earnings such as restructuring costs, impairments when the impairment is the result of an isolated, non-recurring event. It also excludes the effects of gains or losses on financial instruments.

Adjusted EBIT		As at 30 September 2023	As at 31 March 2023
MTI		(667)	(497)
Others		3,455	2,256
Total adjusted EBIT		2,788	1,759

Adjusted EBIT reconciles to profit before income tax as follows:

		As at 30 September 2023	As at 31 March 2023
Total adjusted EBIT		2,788	1,759
Finance costs :			
MTI		-	-
Others		-	1
Total Finance costs		-	1
Profit before income tax from operations		2,788	1,758

Depreciation included in adjusted EBIT

		As at 30 September 2023	As at 31 March 2023
MTI		28	64
Others		7	12
Total Depreciation included in adjusted EBIT		34	76

(d) Segment revenue

The segment revenue is measured in the same way as in the statement of profit or loss.

Segment	As at 30 September 2023		As at 31 March 2023			
	Total segment revenue	Inter segment revenue	Revenue from external customers	Total segment revenue	Inter segment revenue	Revenue from external customers
MTI	680	-	680	1,235	-	1,235
Others	4,159	-	4,159	5,095	-	5,095
Total Segment Revenue	4,839	-	4,839	6,330	-	6,330
Total segment revenue as per profit and loss account	4,839	-	4,839	6,330	-	6,330

(e) Segment assets

Segment	As at 30 September 2023		As at 31 March 2023	
	Segment assets	Addition to non-current assets	Segment assets	Addition to non-current assets
MTI	2,39,510	-	2,38,855	-
Others	1,07,721	-	1,03,792	-
Total segment assets	3,47,231	-	3,42,647	-
Total assets as per the balance sheet	3,47,231	-	3,42,647	-

(f) Segment liabilities

		As at 30 September 2023	As at 31 March 2023
MTI		1,551	(4,872)
Others		25,643	29,885
Total segment liabilities		27,194	25,013
Total liabilities as per the balance sheet		27,194	25,013

Note 34: Revenue from Contract with customers

The revenue from contracts with customers to the amounts disclosed as total revenue are as under:

		Half Year ended 30 September 2023	Year ended 31 March 2023
Revenue from Contract with Customers		853	1,250
Revenue from Other Sources			
Other income		3,986	5,080
Total Revenue		4,839	6,330

The disaggregation of Revenue from Contract with Customers is as under:

(A) Revenue from Contract with Customers - Segmentwise

		Half Year ended 30 September 2023	Year ended 31 March 2023
MTI		853	1,250
Others		3,986	5,080
Total Revenue		4,839	6,330

(B) On the basis of Timing of Revenue Recognition:

		Half Year Ended 30 September 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2023
	At Point in time	At Point over time	Total
MTI	-	853	1,250
Others	-	3,986	5,080
Total Revenue	-	4,839	6,330

Note 35: Lease

The Company as lessee has land, building. The right-of-use and lease liability are disclosed in the financial statements at note no 9 & 17 respectively. The Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss.

The following table shows the effects of Leases in the Statement of the Profit and Loss in financial year ended 31 March 2023 and half year ended 30 September 2023:

Amounts recognised in profit and loss	30 September 2023	31 March 2023
Depreciation cost on right-of-use assets	0.11	0.21
Interest expenses (included in finance costs)	0.39	0.78
Total recognised in operating costs	0	1

OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

(1) As a Lessee - Payments

At the balance sheet date, the Company has the following contractual committed future minimum lease payables land, building in the aggregate and each of the following periods:

	30 September 2023	31 March 2023
Not later than 1 year	0.81	0.81
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	3.22	3.22
Later than 5 Years	28.62	27.81

*The lease payables include both interest and principal cash flows.

The lease has varying terms and renewal rights.

Note : 36 Title deeds of Immovable Property not held in name of the Company as at 31 March 2023 and 30 September 2023

Title deeds of Immovable Property not held in the name of the Company as at 31 March 2023 and 30 September 2023

Description of item of property Gross carrying value Title deeds held in the name of Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative of promoter/director or employee of promoter/director Property held since demerged entity Reason for not being held in the name of the company

Shipping House, Mumbai (Land)			1972		
Shipping House, Mumbai			1973		
Shipping House, Kolkata (Land)			1964		
Shipping House, Kolkata			1972		
MTI, Powai (Land)			1979		
MTI, Powai (Building)			1987		
MTI, Powai (Data Centre)			2009		
MTI, Powai (Sagar Gyan)			2015		
MTI, Powai (Flats) (16 flats)	0		1987		
SCI Malad Quarters (27 Flats)			1985		
Varuna Premises CHSL (1 Flat)			1975		
Rajhans CHSL (1 Flat)			1966		

Continued from previous page

2. Writ Petition No. 2138 of 2022 - Bombay High Court - SCI Officer Association (SCIOA) Vs (i) Union of India through its Secretary; (ii) DIPAM through its Secretary; (iii) Ministry of Ports, Shipping and Waterways through its Secretary; (iv) The Shipping Corporation of India through its CMD and (v) The Shipping Corporation of India Land and Assets Limited through its CMD - SCIOA filed case seeking intervention of the High Court for disclosure of contents of Share Purchase Agreement (SPA) shared with prospective bidders by DIPAM, to the extent to which it affects future service conditions of the members of SCIOA. SCIL-LAL is a formal party, as no specific relief sought against SCIL-LAL. The Petition was disposed off vide an order dated 20th July, 2023.

R. Regulatory Action, if any - disciplinary action taken by SEBI or Stock Exchanges against the Promoters in last 5 financial years: Nil

S. Brief details of outstanding criminal proceedings against the Promoters: Nil

T. Particulars of high, low and average prices of the shares of the listed transferor entity during the preceding three years:

BSE:							
Fiscal Year	High Price (₹)	Date of High Price	Volume on date of High Price (No. of Equity Shares)	Low Price (₹)	Date of Low Price	Volume on date of Low Price (No. of Equity Shares)	Average Market Price of the Equity Shares for the year (₹)
22-23	151.3	20-Dec-22	13,56,036	86	22-Jun-22	2,29,691	121.81
21-22	160.2	02-Dec-21	6,28,224	93.1	23-Aug-21	1,76,863	120.68
20-21	134.6	04-Mar-21	11,37,981	35.65	03-Apr-20	77,720	66.30

NSE:

Fiscal Year	High Price (₹)	Date of High Price	Volume on date of High Price (No. of Equity Shares)	Low Price (₹)	Date of Low Price	Volume on date of Low Price (No. of Equity Shares)	Average Market Price of the Equity Shares for the year (₹)
22-23	151.4	20-Dec-22	1,80,20,118	85.6	22-Jun-22	20,49,989	121.96
21-22	160.2	02-Dec-21	88,56,579	93.15	23-Aug-21	11,70,192	120.72
20-21	134.65	04-Mar-21	2,00,68,347	35.5	03-Apr-20	5,24,173	66.31

U. Any material development after the date of the balance sheet:

- Our Company was granted an exemption from the strict compliance of certain Corporate Governance requirements under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 by the SEBI vide a letter no. SEBI/HO/CFD/RAC-DIL/2/P/2024/8009/1 dated February 29, 2024 for the limited purpose of the listing of the shares of SCILAL.
- MoPSW vide its OM NO SS-11025/1/2022-Dated 19.12.2023, informed that, with the approval of Competent Authority in MoPSW, Shipping Corporation of India Land and Assets Limited (SCILAL) has been conferred Schedule 'C' status with immediate effect and until further order.
- Our Company received In-Principle approval from both BSE and NSE vide letter no. DCS/AMAL/SC/IP/3065/2023-24 dated February 12, 2024 and letter no. NSE/LIST/97 dated February 16, 2024 respectively and was granted an exemption from the application of Rule 19(2) (b) of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957 by the SEBI vide the letter no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DCR/RAC-2/P/OW/2024/8140/1 dated March 1, 2024.

For and on behalf of the Shipping Corporation of India Land and Assets Limited

Sd/-
Capt. B. K. Tyagi
Chairman & Managing DirectorSd/-
Ms. Laxmi Kamath
Chief Financial OfficerSd/-
Shri Mohammad Firoz
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Place: Mumbai, Date : 13.03.2024



Regd. Off.: B-42, Industrial Estate, Sanathnagar, Hyderabad-500018, Telangana, INDIA
Phone: +91 40 23814894, Fax: +91 40 23813694 | Email Id: cosec@zentechologies.com
Website: www.zentechologies.com | CIN: L72200TG1993PLC015939

NOTICE OF POSTAL BALLOT ("the Notice") AND E-VOTING INFORMATION

NOTICE is hereby given to the members of Zen Technologies Limited ("the Company"), pursuant to Section 108 and 110 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), Rule 20 and 22 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 ("the Rules") read with the Circular(s) issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA Circulars") and Regulation 44 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("the Listing Regulations"), seeking approval(s) by way of postal ballot through remote e-voting in respect of resolution as set out in the postal ballot notice dated February 24, 2024. The details of postal ballot are as given below:

Cut-off date to determine eligibility for voting	Friday, March 8, 2024
Date of dispatch of notice	Wednesday, March 13, 2024, through electronic means*
E-voting service provider	Klin Technologies Limited ("Klin")
Website of the service provider (Klin) for e-voting	https://evoting.klinitech.com/
E-voting period	From 9:00 a.m. (IST) on Thursday, March 14, 2024 to 5:00 p.m. (IST) on Friday, April 12, 2024
Date of announcement of results	Before 5:00 p.m. (IST) on Tuesday, April 16, 2024
Scrutinizer for postal ballot	Mr. D S Rao, Practicing Company Secretary
Name, designation, e-mail id and phone no. of the person responsible to address the grievance in connection with e-voting facility	Mr. Mohammed Shanno - KFin Technologies Limited, Selenium Tower B, Plot 31-32, Gachibowli, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Hyderabad-500 032, Telangana, Phone No.: +91 40 67161630 Toll-free No.: 1800-309-4001, E-mail: einward.rsa@kfinotech.com Mr. M. Raghavendra Prasad, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, Zen Technologies Limited, Tel: 040-23813281; e-mail: cosec@zentechologies.com

*Pursuant to MCA circulars, the notice together with explanatory statement thereto is being sent only through electronic means to the eligible members of the Company who have registered their e-mail IDs with depositary of the Company and the same is also made available on the websites of the Company at [https://www.zentechologies.com/general-meeting-notices-and-the-stock-exchanges-\(i.e.,-BSE-and-NSE\).htm](https://www.zentechologies.com/general-meeting-notices-and-the-stock-exchanges-(i.e.,-BSE-and-NSE).htm).

By Order of the Board
For Zen Technologies LimitedSd/-
M. Raghavendra Prasad
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer
M. No. A41798

Place : Hyderabad

Date : March 13, 2024

HATSON AGRO PRODUCT LIMITED

CIN: L15499TN1986PLC012747

Registered Office: No. 41 (49), Janakiram Colony Main Road, Janakiram Colony, Arumbakkam, Chennai - 600 106.
Phone: +91 44 4365 9999 Fax:+91 44 4365 9998.

Corporate Office: Plot No.14, TNHB, TN Housing Board 'A' Road, Sholinganallur, Chennai - 600 119.
Phone: +91 44 2450 1622 Fax:+91 44 2450 1422. Email: secretarial@hap.in Website: www.hap.in

NOTICE

SUB: Transfer of Unclaimed Dividends and Equity Shares of the Company to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF).

This Notice is published pursuant to Rule 6 (3) (a) of the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Amendment Rules, 2017 (the Rules) read with Section 124 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013 (The ACT) notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs as amended from time to time.

The Rules inter alia contain provisions for transfer of all the shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed by the shareholders for seven consecutive years or more to the DEMAT Account of Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (herein after referred to as "Authority")

In compliance with the requirements set out in the Rules, the Company shall send individual notices to the concerned shareholder (s) at their latest available address as per the Company's / RTA's records, that their shares and dividends unclaimed by them are liable to be transferred to the Authority under the said Rules within the stipulated time.

The Company has uploaded full details of such shareholders and shares due for transfer to DEMAT account of the Authority on its website at www.hap.in.

The concerned shareholder (s) holding shares in physical forms and whose shares are liable to be transferred to the Authority may note that the Company would be issuing duplicate share certificate (s) in lieu of the original share certificate (s) held by them for the purpose of transfer of shares to the Authority as per Rules and upon such issue, the original share certificate (s) which stand registered in their names will stand automatically cancelled and be deemed non-negotiable. The shareholders may further note that the details uploaded by the Company on its website should be regarded and shall be deemed adequate notice in respect of issue of duplicate share certificate (s) by the Company for the purpose of transfer of shares to the DEMAT Account of the Authority by the due date as per procedure stipulated in the Rules.

In case the Company does not receive any communication from the concerned share holders by June 03, 2024 or such other date as may be extended, the Company shall with a view to complying with the requirements set out in the Rules, transfer the shares and unclaimed dividend to the Authority by the due date as per procedures stipulated in the Rules.

Shareholders may note that both the unclaimed dividend and the shares transferred to IEPF including all the benefits accruing on such shares, if any, can be claimed back by them from Authority after following the procedure prescribed by the Rules.

In case the shareholders have any queries on the subject matter and the Rules, they may contact the Company's Share Transfer Agent at Integrated Registry Management Services Private Limited, No.30, Ramana Residency, 4th Cross, Sampige Road, Malleswaram, Bangalore - 560 003 Tel (080) 2346 0815 to 818 Fax (080) 2346 0819 E Mail ID : gopi@integratedindia.in.

For HATSON AGRO PRODUCT LIMITED

Sd/-
G. Somasundaram
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer.

Place: Chennai

Date: March 13, 2024.



Regd. Office: 1st Floor, C' Wing, Unit 103, Corporate Avenue, Atul Projects, Chakala, Andheri (East), Mumbai – 400 093

Phone No.: +91-22 6643 4500; Fax: +91-22 6643 4530

Website: www.vedantalimited.com; Email ID: comp.sec@vedanta.co.in

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the following Share Certificates of face value Re. 1/- of the Company as per details given hereunder have been reported LOST/MISPLACED and if NO OBJECTION is received within 15 days from the date of publication of this Notice, we shall consider issuance of Duplicate Share Certificates thereof:

S. No.	Name of Shareholder(s)	Folio No.	Shares	Distinctive Nos.		Certificate No.
				From	To	
1	M Leelavathy	M 007714	80	392137411	392137450	819968
				785757611	785757650	
2	Mrs. Anuradha Vital Shenoy	A 001726	2080	385317841	385318880	816595
	Mr. Udyavar Vital Shenoy			778938041	778939080	
3	Anuradha Vital Shenoy	SGL102450	364	864804704	864805067	830836
4	Mr. Pushkar Singh Bhandari	SGL111551	200	864800296	864800495	830827
5	Rahul Kishore	SGL116798	56	863000284	863000339	825893
6	Ritu Raizada	SGL101696	7840	390580101	390584020	818914
				784200301	784204220	

For Vedanta Limited
Prema Halwasiya
Company Secretary & Compliance OfficerPlace: New Delhi
Date: March 14, 2024

VISHWATMAK JANGLI MAHARAJ ASHRAM TRUST, Kokamthan & its Branches

II-Tender Notice

Hardware & Software Material

Sealed tenders are invited by Vishwatmak Jangli maharaj Ashram Trust & its branches for the purchase of the following items:

Tender No.	Material Descriptions	Approx. Qty.	Approx. e Cost
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चुनाव आयुक्तों की
नियुक्ति को लेकर चयन
समिति की बैठक आज
नई दिल्ली, 13 मार्च (ब्लूरो)

निर्वाचन आयोग में दो चुनाव आयुक्तों के
खाली पदों पर नियुक्ति को लेकर प्रधानमंत्री नरेंद्र
मोदी की अध्यक्षता में चयन समिति की बैठक
गुरुवार को आयोजित की जाएगी। इससे पहले
कानून मंत्री अमरनंद राम मेयरिट की अध्यक्षता
खोज समिति को बुधवार शाम को बैठक हुई। इसमें
पांच उम्मीदवारों की सूची तैयार करन पर विचार-
विमास किया गया।

नए कानून के तहत चयन समिति के सदस्यों में
प्रधानमंत्री, एक केंद्रीय मंत्री और विधायिकों के
शामिल हैं। यह समिति खाली पढ़े चुनाव आयुक्त
के पदों पर नियुक्ति के लिए सही उम्मीदवार का
चयन करेगी। चयन समिति को खोज समिति की
ओर से नामों की एक सूची भेजी जाती है। हालांकि,
कानून तीन-सदस्य चयन समिति को ऐसे व्यक्ति
को नियुक्त करने की शक्ति भी दी गई है, जिसकी
सिफारिश खोज समिति ने नहीं की है।

यादिका पर कल होगी
सुप्रीम कोर्ट में सुनवाई

पेज 18

एसबीआइ ने सुप्रीम कोर्ट में हलफनामा दायर कर कहा बाईस हजार दो सौ सत्रह चुनावी बांड खरीदे गए

जनसत्ता ब्लूरो

नई दिल्ली, 13 मार्च

सुप्रीम कोर्ट बैंक (एसबीआइ) ने बुधवार, 2019 से
15 फरवरी, 2024 के बीच कुल 22,217 चुनावी
बांड जारी किए गए। इनमें से राजनीतिक दलों की
ओर से 22,030 बांड को भुनाया गया। शेष 187
बांड को भुनाकर इसकी राशि को नियमों के तहत
प्रथममंत्री राष्ट्रीय राहने को जमा कराया गया
है। एसबीआइ ने अदालत में हलफनामा दायर कर
यह जानकारी दी है।

एसबीआइ के चेयरमैन दिनेश कुमार की ओर
से दिविल फलफनामे में कहा है कि चुनावी बांड
मामले में सुप्रीम कोर्ट के निवेशनसाथ योजना से
जुड़ा पूरा व्यापार निर्वाचन आयोग को सौंप दिया गया
है। यह व्यापार दो पीढ़ीएक फाइट पर आयोग को
जारी किया गया है, जोकि

बाकी पेज 8 पर



उचित समय पर बांड का
ब्योरा बताएंगे : सीईसी

जम्मू-कश्मीर में लोस
के साथ विस चुनाव
के लिए तैयार

राष्ट्रपति को पत्र : सुप्रीम
कोर्ट बार एसोसिएशन

ने निंदा की

सुप्रीम कोर्ट बार एसोसिएशन (एससीए)

ने अपने अध्यक्ष आदिश सी अवाल की ओर से

राष्ट्रपति द्वारा मुर्मु को लिखे चुनावी बांड से

संबंधित पत्र में शिवायों की निंदा की है।

इस पत्र में चुनावी बांड योजना मामले में शीर्ष

अदालत के फैसले पर राष्ट्रपति से संदर्भ लेने का

आग्रह किया गया है। अग्रवाल के

विचारों से खुद को अलग करते हुए बार निकाय

की कार्यकारी समिति ने अपने प्रस्ताव में यह स्पष्ट

किया है कि समिति के सदस्यों ने न तो एससीए

अध्यक्ष को पत्र लिखने के लिए अधिकतम किया

और न ही वे इस पत्र में व्यक्त विचारों का

प्रदान की जाएगी।

शेयर सूचकांक 906
अंक लुढ़का, निवेशकों
को 13.47 लाख
करोड़ का नुकसान

जनसत्ता ब्लूरो
नई दिल्ली, 13 मार्च

स्थानीय शेयर बाजारों में बुधवार को गिरावट आई और बीएसई सेसेक्स 900 अंक से
अधिक का गोला लगाते हुए 73,000 अंक के स्तर
से नीचे आ गया। छोटी एवं मझोली कंपनियों के
सूचकांकों में तोन्ने गिरावट के बीच चौतरफा लिवाली
से बुधवार नुकसान में रहा। भारी बिकवाली के बीच
निवेशकों के 13.47 लाख करोड़ रुपए¹ डूब गए।

बीएसई का 30 शेयरों वाला सेसेक्स 900 अंक से
अधिक टूट गया। बीएसई का 30 शेयरों वाला
सेसेक्स 906.07 अंक यानी 2.23 फैसले गिरावट
72,761.89 पर बंद रहा। कारोबार दौरान वह
1,152.25 अंक तक टूट गया था। इसके साथ
बीएसई पर सूचकांक कंपनियों का बाजार पंजीकरण
(एमपीए) 13,47,822.84 करोड़ रुपए² घटकर
3,72,16,602.67 करोड़ रुपए रह गया।

विशेषकों ने कहा कि इसके अलावा बिजली,
ऊर्जा तथा धन शेयरों में नुकसान तथा विदेशी
संस्थान निवेशकों की हाल की बिकवाली से
बाजार नीचे आया। बाजार में प्रमुख सूचकांकों -
सेसेक्स और एनएसई सेसेक्स की शुरुआत बढ़त के
साथ हुई। लोकल बाजार के बागेवार में बिकवाली
दबाव से सभी खंडवाल नुकसान में रहे।

तीस शेयरों पर आयोग ने सेसेक्स 900.07 अंक
यानी 1.23 फौसार की गिरावट के साथ 72,761.89
अंक पर बंद हुआ। कारोबार एक समय
पूर्व यूरोप आर्थिक गलियारों को सशक्त बनाने और³
इसके संचालन में सहयोग के लिए भारत और
संयुक्त अधिकार के बीच अंतर-सरकारी
रूपरेखा समझौते को भी कैविनेट ने मंजूरी दी है।

कैविनेट ने बुधवार को दिल्ली मेट्रो के चौथे

देशों के बीच समझौता ज्ञापनों पर हस्ताक्षर को भी

स्वीकृती दी है।

अंतरराष्ट्रीय व्यापार के लिहाज से भारत-मध्य

पूर्व यूरोप आर्थिक गलियारों को सशक्त बनाने और

इसके संचालन में सहयोग के लिए भारत और

संयुक्त अधिकार के बीच प्रत्यावर्तीवाली दो गतिविधियों को मंजूरी दी है।

इसके साथ ही कैविनेट ने भारत से भूटान को

पेट्रोलियम, तेल और

संयुक्त अधिकार के बीच आपूर्ति, खाद्य सुरक्षा, ऊर्जा दक्षता एवं ऊर्जा
संरक्षण उपयोगों के क्षेत्र में सहयोग से संबंधित दोनों

देशों के बीच समझौता ज्ञापनों पर हस्ताक्षर को भी

स्वीकृती दी है।

अंतरराष्ट्रीय व्यापार के लिहाज से भारत-मध्य

पूर्व यूरोप आर्थिक गलियारों को सशक्त बनाने और

इसके संचालन में सहयोग के लिए भारत और

संयुक्त अधिकार के बीच प्रत्यावर्तीवाली दो गतिविधियों को मंजूरी दी है।

इसके साथ ही कैविनेट ने भारत से भूटान को

पेट्रोलियम, तेल और

संयुक्त अधिकार के बीच आपूर्ति, खाद्य सुरक्षा, ऊर्जा दक्षता एवं ऊर्जा
संरक्षण उपयोगों के क्षेत्र में सहयोग से संबंधित दोनों

देशों के बीच समझौता ज्ञापनों पर हस्ताक्षर को भी

स्वीकृती दी है।

अंतरराष्ट्रीय व्यापार के लिहाज से भारत-मध्य

पूर्व यूरोप आर्थिक गलियारों को सशक्त बनाने और

इसके संचालन में सहयोग के लिए भारत और

संयुक्त अधिकार के बीच प्रत्यावर्तीवाली दो गतिविधियों को मंजूरी दी है।

इसके साथ ही कैविनेट ने भारत से भूटान को

पेट्रोलियम, तेल और

संयुक्त अधिकार के बीच आपूर्ति, खाद्य सुरक्षा, ऊर्जा दक्षता एवं ऊर्जा
संरक्षण उपयोगों के क्षेत्र में सहयोग से संबंधित दोनों

देशों के बीच समझौता ज्ञापनों पर हस्ताक्षर को भी

स्वीकृती दी है।

अंतरराष्ट्रीय व्यापार के लिहाज से भारत-मध्य

पूर्व यूरोप आर्थिक गलियारों को सशक्त बनाने और

इसके संचालन में सहयोग के लिए भारत और

संयुक्त अधिकार के बीच प्रत्यावर्तीवाली दो गतिविधियों को मंजूरी दी है।

इसके साथ ही कैविनेट ने भारत से भूटान को

पेट्रोलियम, तेल और

संयुक्त अधिकार के बीच आपूर्ति, खाद्य सुरक्षा, ऊर्जा दक्षता एवं ऊर्जा
संरक्षण उपयोगों के क्षेत्र में सहयोग से संबंधित दोनों

देशों के बीच समझौता ज्ञापनों पर हस्त

टिप्पणी -32 संवेदित पार्टी लेनदेन

(a) नियंत्रण

केंद्र सरकार द्वारा नियंत्रित भारत सरकार के उद्यम

एससीआईएलएल, कंपनी अधिनियम, 2013 की धारा 2(45) के अनुसार एक सरकारी कंपनी है, जिसे एससीआई की पूर्ण स्वामित्व वाली सहायक कंपनी के रूप में शामिल किया गया है। एससीआईएलएल के दिनांक 22.02.2023 के आदेश के अनुसार, जिसमें डिमर्ज योजना को मंजूरी दी गई और प्रभावी नियंत्रण तिथि 01.04.2021 है और इस तिथि से कंपनी एससीआई टिमिटेड की सहायक कंपनी नहीं रह गई है।

(b) प्रमुख प्रबंधन कार्यक्रम

कार्यवाही नियोग

1. केंद्रीय बी.के. त्यागी (03.09.2022 से सीएमडी)

2. श्रीमती. एच. के. जोशी (सीएमडी 01.06.2022 से बोर्ड में नहीं रहे)

3. श्री अतुल उडले (03.08.2022 को सीएमडी के रूप में बोर्ड में शामिल हुए और 02.09.2022 से बोर्ड में नहीं रहे)

कंपनी सचिव

4. श्री मोहम्मद फिरोज़ (08.05.2023 से कंपनी सचिव और अनुपालन अधिकारी के रूप में नियुक्त)

सुधू वित्तीय कार्यक्रम

5. श्री लक्ष्मी कामथ (08.05.2023 से मुख्य वित्तीय अधिकारी के रूप में नियुक्त)

(c) गैर-कार्यकारी नियोगक्रम

केंद्रीय नर्सी

सरकारी द्वारा नामित नियोग

1. श्री दंजय कुमार सिंह (17.11.2021 को बोर्ड में शामिल हुए)

2. श्री दिव्यांग जैन, डीजीएस (03.11.2022 से बोर्ड में नहीं रहे)

3. श्री अतुल उडले (01.03.2023 को सीएमडी के रूप में बोर्ड में नहीं रहे)

4. श्री रामेश जल्दाता, अध्यक्ष, एमवीपीटी (10.12.2021 को बोर्ड में शामिल हुए)

5. श्री विजय कुमार, अध्यक्ष, एससीएम पोर्ट (30.06.2022 को बोर्ड में शामिल हुए और 09.10.2022 से बोर्ड में नहीं रहे)

6. श्री पौष्ण राजेश, अध्यक्ष, एससीएम पोर्ट (09.10.2022 को बोर्ड में शामिल हुए और 08.05.2023 से बोर्ड में नहीं रहे)

7. श्री रामेश कुमार सिंह, एस्स. एमवीपीटीसल्टडब्ल्यू (21.11.2022 को बोर्ड में शामिल हुए)

8. श्री विंदु राजन, एस्सीएम पोर्ट (09.05.2023 को बोर्ड में शामिल हुए)

9. श्री श्याम जगन्नाथ, डीजीएस (03.07.2023 को बोर्ड में शामिल हुए)

(d) प्रमुख प्रबंधन कार्यक्रमिक

नाम	30 सितम्बर 2023 को खत्म छापाही	31 मार्च 2023 को खत्म वर्ष
1. केंद्रीय बी.के. त्यागी (03.09.2022 से सीएमडी)	-	-
2. श्रीमती. एच. के. जोशी (सीएमडी 01.06.2022 से बोर्ड में नहीं रहे)	-	-
3. श्री अतुल उडले (03.08.2022 को सीएमडी के रूप में बोर्ड में शामिल हुए और 02.09.2022 से बोर्ड में नहीं रहे)	-	-
4. श्री मोहम्मद फिरोज़ (08.05.2023 से)	10	-
5. श्री लक्ष्मी कामथ (08.05.2023 से)	14	-
कुल	24	-

(e) सरकार से संवेदित संस्थाओं के साथ लेनदेन

शिपिंग कार्पोरेशन और इंडिया लिमिटेड के साथ लेनदेन इस प्रकार है:

राशि लाखों रुपये में
1. लेनदेन की प्रकृति

नाम	30 सितम्बर 2023 को खत्म छापाही	31 मार्च 2023 को खत्म वर्ष
1) एससीआई से देव रिचालन आय	463	1,235
2) एससीआई से देव व्याज आय	315	5,080
3) एससीआई द्वारा रित गार और एससीआईएलएल द्वारा देव राजस्व व्यय	1,846	2,267
4) भवत्व के लिए एससीआई द्वारा किया गया पूंजीगत व्यय	122	106

एससीआई से प्रायः (देव)

(एफ) कंपनी का शीघ्रपात्र शिपिंग कार्पोरेशन और इंडिया में अध्यक्ष और प्रबंधन नियोग का पद रखता है

नोट 33: खोले जानकारी

(a) व्यावासायिक खंड

कंपनी का प्रारंभण खंड द्वारा किया जाता है जो मुख्य नियंत्रण निर्माता है। बोर्ड में संसाधनों के आवाटन और प्रदर्शन का आकलन करने के उद्देश से परिचालन खंडों का नियंत्रण किया जाता है।

(I) एसटीआई - एसटीआई खंड में मेरीटाइम ट्रेनिंग इंस्टिट्यूट द्वारा द्यूता शामिल है।

(II) अन्य - अन्य खंड में नियोग की पुराने गार और डीमर्ज के प्रारंभणवलय प्राप्त अधिशेष धननाश शामिल है।

(b) भौगोलिक खंड

वर्तमान में, कंपनी का परिचालन भारत तक ही सीमित है।

(सी) व्याज और कर से पहले की कमाई (इंडीआईटी)

सामायोजित इंडीआईटी में बंद किए गए संचालन और आय और व्यय की महत्वपूर्ण बस्तुओं के प्रभाव शामिल नहीं हैं, जिनका कमाई की गुणवत्ता पर प्रभाव इस तरह होता है। जैसे कि पुनर्नियन लागत, हानि जब हानि का प्रभाव शामिल है। इसमें वित्तीय साधनों पर लाभ या हानि के प्रभाव को भी शामिल नहीं किया गया है।

समायोजित इंडीआईटी

नाम	30 सितम्बर 2023 को	31 मार्च 2023 को
एसटीआई	(667)	(497)
अन्य	3,455	2,256
कुल समायोजित इंडीआईटी	2,788	1,759

समायोजित EBITA आयकार पूंजी लाभ से इस प्रकार मेल खाता है:

राशि लाखों रुपये में
30 सितम्बर 2023 को

31 मार्च 2023 को

कुल समायोजित इंडीआईटी 2,788 1,759

वित्तीय लागत एसटीआई

अन्य अन्य खंड से प्रायः (देव)

एससीआई से प्रायः (देव)



क्रीडा
विदर्भाचा चिवट
प्रतिकार

अग्रलेख

'खट्टरो'का खिलाडी!
यांच्यातील नेता कोणीही असो, जो काढी पाठिंबा
मिळाणार आहे तो आपल्यामुळे, याची पुण्यपूर
खात्री भाजपचा शीर्षक नेतृत्वास आहे...



मुंबई, पुणे, नागपूर, अहमदनगर, छत्रपती संभाजीनगर आणि दिल्ली येथून प्रसिद्ध

मोदी सरकारची गैरन्टी



अधिक महिनेसाठी
स्कॅन करा



